



MODIFIED SELDINGER TECHNIQUE INTRODUCTION KIT

microsite



MST: MODIFIED SELDINGER TECHNIQUE



MINIMIZE VENOUS TRAUMA AND INCREASE THE RATE OF SUCCESSFUL INSERTION using the modified seldinger technique.

Procedure



Needle puncture



Guidewire insertion



Needle removal



Sheath dilator insertion thanks to the aid



Guidewire insertion aid removal



Sheath dilator introduction



Guidwire and dilator removal



Catheter insertion

International recommendations and studies

PICCs: Guideline for Practice, 4th edition – NANN – 2022¹

"MST can be cost effective and reduce CLABSI when used appropriately"

"Using MST, also referred to as micropuncture, allows a smaller introducer to be used"

"MST requires specialized training and adherence to practice protocols, which may include competency validation"

"This method [...] reduces the amount of trauma to the vein" "MST provides a needed solution for some neonates"

The Journal of The Association for Vascular Access – 2009²

"Advantages of MST include increased success rates of PICC insertion, less venous trauma and decreased insertion complications such as nerve injury and inadvertent arterial puncture"

Inserting central lines via the peripheral circulation in neonates – van Rens - 2020³

"The modified Seldinger technique (MST) has many advantages for neonatal patients over more traditional direct introducer PICC insertion techniques"



CLINICAL STUDY: microsite VS microflash⁴

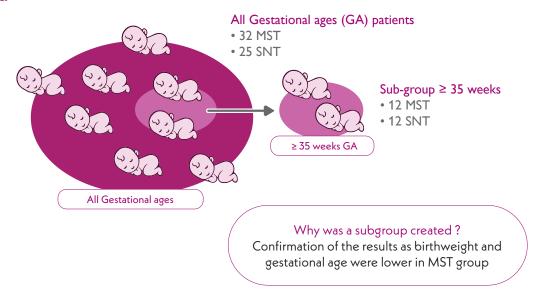


Objective

This study aims to compare the success rates and cost of **Modified Seldinger Technique** (MST, micro**site**) vs. Split Needle Technique (SNT, micro**flash**).

A retrospective study at St Micheal's Neonatal Unit, Bristol, UK on routinely documented data of **1Fr and 2Fr catheters insertion**.

Method



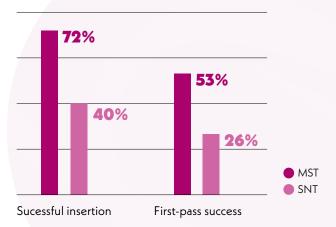
Conclusion

Based on these results, the suggested benefits are the following

- Reduction of pain, discomfort, time without central access and adequate nutrition
- With every venepuncture, there's a +16% risk of developing a **CLABSI** (Central line-associated bloodstream infections)
- → Less venepunctures = reduced risk of CLABSI

Results

Comparison of the insertion success rate between MST and SNT for patients of all $\ensuremath{\mathsf{GA}}$



A trend towards increased firstpass and overall success with MST in neonates 35weeks GA has been observed.



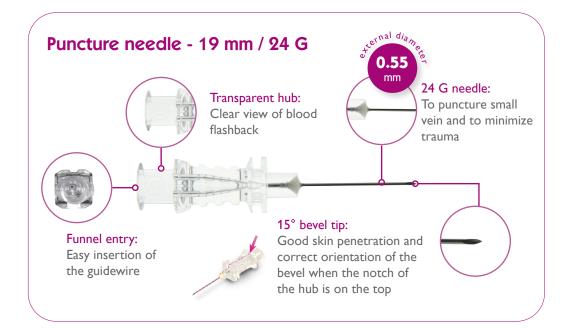
Fewer venepunctures per successful insertion for MST

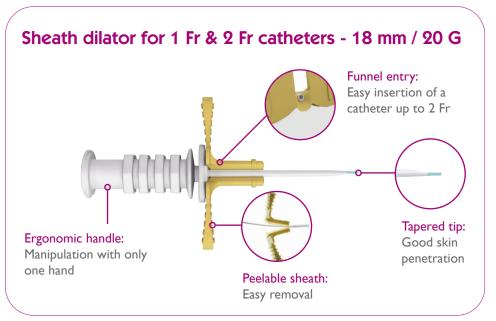


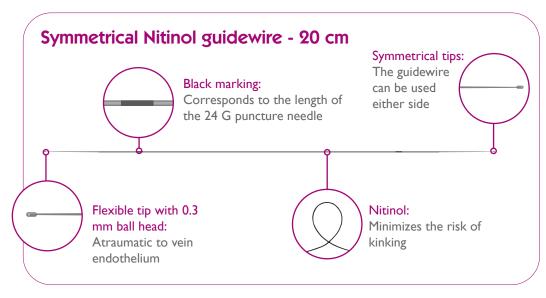
Significant hgher successful insertion and **first-pass success** with MST



Similar cost per successful insertion











Technical features

Designation & Code	Size		Indication	Constitution	O. constitution
	Puncture needle	Peelable sheath	indication	Compatible with	Quantity
micro site 1147.02	External diameter			premi star	
	0.55 mm	1.1 mm	For the insertion of 1 Fr & 2 Fr	premi cath epicuta neo cave	10/h
	Internal diameter		catheters	epicuta neo 2 nutri line	10/box
	0.4 mm	0.7 mm		nutriline twinflo	

References

- 1. NANN. Peripherally Inserted Central Catheters: Guideline for Practice, 4th Edition, 2022
- 2. Modified Seldinger Technique with Ultrasound for PICC Placement in the Pediatric Patient: A Precise Advantage. Darcy Doellman et al. JAVA (2009) 14 (2): 93–99.
- 3. Hugill K, van Rens M. Inserting central lines via the peripheral circulation in neonates. Br J Nurs. 2020 Oct 22;29(19):S12-S18. doi: 10.12968/bjon.2020.29.19.S12. PMID: 33104432
- 4. Gibb JJ, MacLeod R, Mahoney L, Elanjikal Z. Modified Seldinger technique for neonatal epicutaneo-caval catheter insertion: A non-randomised retrospective study. J Vasc Access. 2021 Nov 11:11297298211054637. doi: 10.1177/11297298211054637



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